

PEDIATRIC BLOOD CULTURE COLLECTION

When should a pediatric blood culture (BC) sample be collected?



Highly recommended

Consider collection

Sepsis

Focal infections with prevalence of bacteremia > 10%

Fever without source with prevalence of bacteremia > 1.5%

Focal infections with prevalence of bacteremia 1-10%

Admission for IV** antibiotic treatment

Fever without source with prevalence of bacteremia 0.5-1.5%

Not recommended

Focal infections with prevalence of bacteremia < 1%

Fever without source with prevalence of bacteremia < 0.5%

What is the recommended volume?2

All parameters are calculated based on the weight, including:

- Drug dosages
- · Growth chart
- Blood volume

Weight of patient (Kg)	Total patient blood volume (mL)	Recommen of blood for Culture n°1		Total volume for culture (mL)	% of total blood volume
≤1	50-99	2	-	2	4
1.1-2	100-20	2	2	4	4
2.1-12.7	> 200	4	5	6	3
12.8-36.3	> 800	10	10	20	2.5
> 36.3	> 2200	20-30	20-30	40-60	1.8-2.7 or less

Miller JM. et al. IDSA Guidelines. Clin Infect Dis. 2024 Mar 5:ciae104. DOI: 10.1093/cid/ciae104

Simple method to estimate circulating blood volume³

In general, a blood sample of up to 4% of the total blood volume of a patient is recommended.2 Reminder of blood to broth ratio (1:5 to 1:10)

Age	Estimated blood volume (mL/Kg)
Preterm neonate	100
Full-term infant	90
Infant	80
Child	75
Teenagers & adults	70

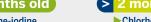
Pediatric Anesthesia Digital Handbook (maskinduction com)

When should an anaerobic bottle be used?4

Bacteremia caused by obligate anaerobes is rare in pediatric patients. Some investigators have recommended the use of aerobic bottles only.

How to prepare children's skin to collect BC samples?2





► Povidone-iodine and alcohol



▶Chlorhexidine or 2% iodine tincture Use of anaerobic blood culture bottles may be considered in the following high-risk groups:

- Immunocompromised patients
- Teeth infections
- Neck infections
- Intra-abdominal infections

Where to take samples from?⁵

Preferred venipuncture site, if possible antecubital fossa Scalp veins **External jugular veins** Antecubital veins Veins on dorsum of hand **Femoral vein**

Ankle veins

- * BSI: bloodstream infection * * IV: intravenous

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5. Pediatric Vascular Access and Blood Sampling Techniques. Clinical Gate - Chapter 19 (clinicalgate.com)

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